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7		F THE STATE OF WASHINGTON R KING COUNTY
8	IN AND FOR	A KING COUNT I
9	STATE OF WASHINGTON,	NO. 06-1-06563-4 SEA
10	Plaintiff,	FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS
11	vs.	OF LAW AND ORDER ON DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SEAL
12	CONNER MICHAEL SCHIERMAN,	EXHIBITS PURSUANT TO GR 15
	Defendant.	
13		
14	THIS MATTER came on for hearing	before the Honorable Gregory Canova on August
15	29, 2006, regarding the defendant's Motion to	o Seal Exhibits to both his CrR 8.3(b) Motion and
16	his Motion for a Protective Order under RCW	42.56.540, brought pursuant to General Rule
17	(CD) 15 The plaintiff State of Weekington	was assumed by Nouse Molene Duscoustine
18	(GR) 15. The plaintiff, State of Washington,	was represented by Norm Maleng, Prosecuting
19	Attorney for King County, through his deputy	y, Scott O'Toole. The defendant, Conner Michael
20	Schierman, appeared in person and was repre	sented by his counsel, James Conroy and Debra
21	Redford.	
22	The Court having considered the men	noranda submitted by the parties and having heard
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24	the argument of counsel, and being fully advi	sed in the premises, now makes and enters the
25	following:	

1	FINDINGS OF FACT	
2	I.	
3	On July 20, 2006, the defendant was booked into the King County Jail on investigation	
4	of four counts of Aggravated Murder in the First Degree and one count of Arson in the First	
5	Degree. At the time the defendant was booked into jail, a "Superform" was submitted by the	
6	Kirkland Police Department to the jail, providing a factual summary of the basis for a	
7	determination of probable cause on which to hold the defendant in custody. The Superform is	
8	a publicly accessible document.	
9	a publicly accessible document.	
10	II.	
11	Later that same day, July 20, 2006, the defendant appeared on the First Appearance	
12	Calendar in the King County Jail, at which time the judge made an initial determination	
13	regarding the existence of probable cause to hold the defendant in custody and to set bail.	
14	III.	
15	On July 24, 2006, the defendant was charged with four counts of Aggravated First	
16	Degree Murder and one count of First Degree Arson. The factual basis for those charges was	
17 18	contained in the Certification for Determination of Probable Cause, filed at the same time.	
19	IV.	
20	Later that same day, July 24, 2006, the Kirkland Police Department released	
21	approximately 301 pages of the case file in response to a Public Disclosure Act (PDA) request	
22	from a local television news entity, KING 5 TV.	
23	/////	
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1	V.	
2	Later that same day, July 24, 2006, KING 5 TV reported on its 10:00 and 11:00 news	
3	broadcasts details of information released earlier in public documents (the Superform and	
4	Certification) and certain documents contained in the materials received from the Kirkland	
5	Police Department in response to the PDA request.	
6 7	VI.	
8	On July 25, 2006, the Kirkland Police Department acknowledged publicly that they had	
9	mistakenly released discovery documents in response to the PDA request and apologized for	
10	doing so. At the request of the Kirkland Police Department, KING 5 TV removed from its	
11	website the story that aired the evening before and returned the case file documents it had received.	
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13 14	VII.	
15	On July 30, 2006, the defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss for Governmental	
16	Misconduct Pursuant to 8.3(b) "due to the arbitrary action and governmental misconduct" by	
17	the Kirkland Police Department in releasing documents to KING 5 TV pursuant to the PDA	
18	request. At the same time, the defendant filed a Motion to Seal Exhibit to 8.3(b) Motion; i.e.,	
19	to seal the 301 pages of material released by the Kirkland Police Department.	
20 21	VIII.	
22	In response to additional requests for disclosure under the PDA by other media outlets,	
23	the Kirkland Police Department prepared a redacted version of the materials released to KING	
24	5 TV on July 24, 2006. Those materials total approximately 56 pages and contain internal	

redactions within those pages.

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1	IX.
2	In response to the redacted version of the materials prepared by the Kirkland Police
3	Department, counsel for the defendant prepared a redacted version of the redacted Kirkland
4	Police materials. The defendant also objected to the release of any portion of the original 301
5	pages of material originally released by the Kirkland Police Department and brought a Motion
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7	for a Protective Order, pursuant to RCW 42.56.540. The defendant has moved that the two
8	redacted versions referred above also be sealed, pursuant to GR 15.
9	X.
10	The court reviewed <i>in camera</i> the three sets of investigative records referenced in
11	paragraph IX, above.
12	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
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14	I.
15	This Court has jurisdiction over the defendant and the subject matter in the above-
16	entitled cause.
17	II.
18	This issue is governed, in the first instance, by RCW 42.56.540. That statute permits
19	the defendant to bring a motion to preclude the disclosure of documents if there is an
20	applicable and relevant exemption from disclosure under the Public Disclosure Act.
21	
22	III.
23	The case authority on this issue has evolved in recent years. In <u>Dawson v. Daly</u> , 120
24	Wn.2d 782, 845 P.2d 995 (1993), the Washington Supreme Court held that the PDA section
25	governing the injunction of the examination of a public record creates an independent basis

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upon which the court may find that disclosure is not required if the court, upon a request for an injunction, finds that disclosure is not in public interest and would cause substantial and irreparable damage to a person or vital governmental function. In P.A.W.S. v. University of Washington, 125 Wn.2d 243, 884 P.2d 592 (1994), the Washington Supreme Court held that the PDA section governing the injunction of the examination of a public record does not create an independent basis upon which the court may find that disclosure is not required; rather, it merely provides a mechanism or procedure whereby the court may look to see if any of the statutory exemptions apply. As a result, this court must focus on the existing exemptions under the PDA to determine whether, on a case-by-case basis, and consistent with Cowles v. Spokane Police Dep't., 139 Wn.2d 472, 987 P.2d 620 (1999), material contained in discovery sought through the PDA should be disclosed and, if not, whether there is a sufficient basis to enjoin disclosure.

IV.

The Order entered today in this case captioned "Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order on Defense Motion for Protective Order Pursuant to the Public Disclosure Act" is incorporated by reference and specifically relied upon herein.

V.

After reviewing the discovery material initially released by the Kirkland Police

Department on July 24, 2006 (totaling 301 pages), the redacted material prepared by the

Kirkland Police Department (totaling 56 pages) and the supplemental redactions proposed by

counsel for the defendant, this court concludes that there is a body of material that has been

properly excluded from release by the Kirkland Police Department on the grounds that such

1	material affects the right of privacy of an individual pursuant to the investigative records
2	exemption, and/or that disclosure would detrimentally affect law enforcement, and/or that
3	disclosure would adversely affect the trial process or privacy rights of the defendant. Further,
4	the court finds that non-disclosure is necessary and that the circumstances of this case
5	constitute compelling circumstances that outweigh any public interest in access to the
7	information sought.
8	VI.
9	This court finds that compelling circumstances exist that justify sealing in their entirety,
10	pursuant to GR 15(2), the discovery material initially released by the Kirkland Police
11	Department on July 24, 2006.
12	VII.
13 14	This court further finds that compelling circumstances exist that justify sealing,
15	pursuant to GR 15(2), the redacted discovery material prepared by the Kirkland Police
16	Department in response to supplemental PDA requests from the media.
17	VIII.
18	This court further finds that the redacted version of discovery material prepared by the
19	Kirkland Police Department, supplemented by redactions imposed by the court, may be
20	disclosed to the media pursuant to the PDA requests that have been made.
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1	IX.
2	The court incorporates by reference its oral findings and conclusions made at the
3	hearing on the motion.
4	DATED this 7th day of September, 2006.
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7	GREGORY P. CANOVA Judge of the Superior Court
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